

### **Safety Data Sheet**

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#### Section 1 – Identification

Product Identifier	
Product name	Methylated Spirits Premium Grade Cleaning Alcohol.
Chemical name	Not Applicable
Synonyms	Product Code: UBMETHO
Proper shipping name	ETHANOL (ETHYL ALCOHOL) or
	ETHANOL SOLUTION (ETHYL ALCOHOL SOLUTION)
Chemical formula	Not Applicable
Other means of	Not Available
identification	
CAS number	Not Applicable

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use	
Relevant identified uses	General purpose cleaning agent, solvent, fuel.

Details of the manufacturer or importer	
Registered company name	ECOCLEAN UTILITY AGENCIES PTY LTD
Address	26 Notar Drive, Ormeau, Queensland AUSTRALIA 4207
Telephone	(07) 5549 3666
Website	www.ecocleanavantichem.com.au
Emergency phone number	Poisons Information Centre: Phone 13 11 26

Emergency Telephone Number	
Association / Organisation	Poisons Information Centre
Emergency telephone number	13 11 26
Other emergency telephone numbers	In an emergency telephone 000, for fire, police and ambulance.

#### Section 2 – Hazard(s) Identification

Classification of the substance or mixture	
Poisons Schedule	S5
ADG Code	Flammable 3
GHS Classification [1]	<ul><li>Flammable liquids Category 2</li><li>Eye Irritation Category 2A</li></ul>



P403+P235

Precautionary statement(s): Disposal

### **METHYLATED SPIRITS**

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Issued: 30/07/2020 V#3.0 Page 2 of 12 Label elements **GHS** label pictograms GHS02 GHS07 Signal word **DANGER** Hazard statement(s) H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour. H319 Causes serious eye irritation Precautionary statement(s): General P101 If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. P102 Keep out of reach of children. P103 Read label before use. Precautionary statement(s): Prevention Wash hands thoroughly after handling. P264 P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. P233 Keep container tightly closed. P240 Ground/bund container and receiving equipment. P241 Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/intrinsically safe equipment. P242 Use only non-sparking tools. P243 Take precautionary measures against static discharge. P280 Wear protective gloves/eye protection/face protection. Precautionary statement(s): Response P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P337 + P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. In case of fire: Use foam/water spray/fog for extinction. P370+P378 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse P303+P361+P353 skin with water/shower. Precautionary statement(s): Storage

Store in well ventilated place. Keep cool.



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P501	Dispose of contents/container in acco	rdance with local regulations.

#### **Section 3 – Composition and Information on Ingredients**

Ingredient	CAS Name	Proportion
Ethanol	64-17-5	>= 95%
Denatonium benzoate	3734-33-6	6.6 ppm
Fluorescein	518-47-8	1 ppm
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	108-10-1	0.25%
Water	7732-18-5	<= 5%

#### **Section 4 – First Aid Measures**

Description of necessary first aid measures	
Eye Contact	If this product comes in contact with eyes, rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If symptoms persist transport to nearest medical facility for additional treatment.
Skin contact	If skin contact occurs, remove contaminated clothing and wash skin thoroughly with water and follow by washing with soap if available.
Inhalation	Remove victim from exposure if safe to do so. If rapid recovery does not occur, transport to nearest medical facility for additional treatment. Remove contaminated clothing.
Ingestion	If swallowed, do NOT induce vomiting. Transport to nearest medical facility for additional treatment.

Symptoms caused by exposure	
Inhalation:	May cause irritation to the respiratory system. Inhalation of the vapour may result in drunkenness (as per effects of ingestion). Early symptoms may occur at airborne levels of 1000 to 5000ppm.
Skin:	May include burning sensation and/or a dried/cracked appearance. Prolonged contact may cause defatting of skin which can lead to dermatitis.
Eye:	May include burning sensation, redness, swelling and/or blurred vision.
Ingestion:	Can cause drunkenness or harmful central nervous system effects. The deliberate ingestion of ethanol (50-100ml) may cause inebriation such that safety is impaired. Effects of a small intake may include excitation, euphoria, headache, dizziness, drowsiness, blurred vision, and fatigue. Ingestion of a large amount may lead to severe acute intoxication, tremors, convulsion, loss of consciousness, coma, respiratory arrest and death.



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	Treat symptomatically		

### **Section 5 – Fire Fighting Measures**

Suitable extinguishing equipment / media		
	Alcohol stable foam, water spray or fog. Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide for small fires only. Do not use water in a jet.	

Special hazards arising from the chemical	
Fire incompatibility	Carbon monoxide and/or carbon dioxide may be evolved.

Special protective equipment and precautions for fire fighters				
Fire Fighting	<ul> <li>Wear full protective clothing and self-contained breathing apparatus.</li> <li>Hazchem code ·2YE.</li> <li>Prevent, by any means available, spillage form entering drains or watercourse.</li> <li>Consider evacuation (or protect in place).</li> <li>Fight Fire from a safe distance, with adequate cover.</li> <li>If safe, switch off electrical equipment until vapour fire hazard removed.</li> </ul>			
Fire/Explosion Hazard	<ul> <li>Liquid and vapour are highly flammable.</li> <li>Severe fire hazard when exposed to heat, flame and/or oxidisers.</li> <li>Vapour may travel a considerable distance to source of ignition.</li> <li>Heating may cause expansion or decomposition leading to violent rupture of containers.</li> <li>Combustion products include carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>), other pyrolysis products typical of burning organic material.</li> </ul>			

#### **Section 6 – Accidental Release Measures**

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures				
Minor spills	<ul> <li>Remove all ignition sources.</li> <li>Clean up all spills immediately.</li> <li>Avoid breathing vapours and contact with skin and eyes.</li> <li>Control personal contact with the substance, by using protective equipment.</li> <li>For small spills (&lt; 1 drum), transfer by mechanical means to a labelled, sealable container for product recovery or safe disposal. Allow any residues to evaporate or use an appropriate absorbent material and dispose of safely.</li> </ul>			
Major spills	<ul> <li>Clear area of personal and move upwind.</li> <li>Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard.</li> <li>May be violently or explosively reactive.</li> <li>Wear breathing apparatus plus protective gloves.</li> </ul>			



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	<ul> <li>watercourse.</li> <li>Consider evacuation (or prot</li> <li>No smoking, naked lights or</li> <li>For larger spills (&gt; 1 drum), t to a salvage tank for recover water. Retain as contaminate</li> </ul>	ignition sources. transfer by means such as a vacuum truck ry or disposal. Do not flush residues with ed waste. trate or use an appropriate absorbent

Environmental precautions					
	<ul> <li>Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.</li> <li>Prevent from spreading and entering waterway using sand, earth or other appropriate barriers.</li> </ul>				
	<ul> <li>Attempt to disperse the vapour or to direct its flow to a safe location for example by using fog sprays.</li> <li>Ventilate contaminated area thoroughly.</li> </ul>				

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up				
	<ul> <li>Avoid contact with spilled or released material.</li> <li>Shut off leaks, if possible without personal risks.</li> <li>Isolate hazard area and deny entry to unnecessary or unprotected personnel.</li> <li>Remove all sources of ignition in the surrounding area.</li> <li>Take precautionary measure against static discharge.</li> <li>Ensure electrical continuity by bonding and earthing all equipment.</li> <li>Personal protective equipment advice is contained in Section 8 of the SDS.</li> </ul>			

# Section 7 – Handling and Storage

Precautions for safe handling				
Safe handling	Wear prescribed protective clothing.			
	Use in well ventilated area.			
	<ul> <li>Do NOT eat, drink or smoke when handling.</li> </ul>			
	Wash hands after use.			
	<ul> <li>Keep containers closed tightly when not in use.</li> </ul>			
	Store in accordance to manufacturers instructions.			
Other information	Store in original containers.			
	<ul> <li>Store in a cool, dry, well ventilated area out of direct sunlight.</li> </ul>			
	Store in flammable approved cupboards or storage containers.			

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities		
Suitable container	Bulk storage tanks should be bunded. Store in original containers provided by the manufacturer.	



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Storage incompatibility

Store in a well-ventilated area, away from sunlight, ignition sources and other sources of heat. Do not store near strong oxidants.

#### Section 8 – Exposure controls and personal protection

Control parameters			
Occupational Exposure Limits (OEL)	See Ingredients Data and Emergency Limits below.		

Ingredients data						
Source	Ingredient	Material name	TWA	STEL	Peak	Notes
Australian Exposure Standards	ethanol	Ethyl alcohol	1880mg/ m3 1000 ppm	Not available	Not available	Not available
Australian Exposure Standards	Methyl Isobutyl ketone	Methyl Isobutyl ketone	205 mg/m3 50 ppm	307 mg/m3 75 ppm	Not available	Not available

Emergency limits					
Ingredient	TEEL-0	TEEL-1	TEEL-2	TEEL-3	
Ethanol	1000ppm	3000ppm	3300ppm	3300ppm	
Methyl Isobutyl ketone	75 ppm	75 ppm	500 ppm	500 ppm	

IDLH data				
Ingredient	Original IDLH	Revised IDLH		
Ethanol	15,000 ppm	3,300 ppm		
Methyl Isobutyl ketone	3,000 ppm	500 ppm		

#### **Exposure controls**

# Appropriate engineering controls

- Ensure adequate ventilation to keep airborne concentrations below exposure standards.
- Containers must be earthed to avoid generation of static charges when agitating or transferring product.

#### **Personal protection**











The selection of PPE is dependent on a detailed risk assessment. The risk assessment should consider the work situation, the physical form of the chemical, the handling methods, and environmental factors.



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Eye and face protection	<ul> <li>Safety glasses or chemically resistant goggles should be worn to prevent eye contact.</li> </ul>					
Skin protection	See hand	protection below				
Hand protection		nt resistant gloves, ni for incidental splashe	trile for longer term protes.	ection or PVC and		
Body protection	Normal wo	rk clothes and boots				
Respiratory protection	If work practices do not maintain airborne level below the exposure standard, use appropriate respiratory protection equipment. When using respirators, select an appropriate combination of mask and filter. Select a filter for organic gases and vapours (boiling point > 65°C). Respirators should comply with AS1716 or an equivalent approved by a state/territory authority.  Degree of protection varies with both face-piece and Class of filter the nature of the protection varies with Type of filter.					
	Required					
	Minimum	Respirator	Respirator	Respirator		
	Protection factor	-	-	-		
	Up to 10 x ES	B-AUS P3	-	B-PAPR- AUS/Class 1 P3		
	Up to 50 x ES	-	B-AUS/Class 1 P3	-		
	Up to 100 x ES	-	B-2 P3	B-PAPR-2 P3		
Other protection	<ul> <li>Overalls</li> <li>PVC apron</li> <li>PVC protective suite may be required for prolonged exposure</li> <li>Ensure there is access to eye washes and safety showers.</li> </ul>					
Thermal hazards	Not Available					

### **Section 9 – Physical and Chemical Properties**

Information on basic physical and chemical properties		
Appearance	Appearance Colourless non-viscous liquid with a characteristic odour of alcohol.	

Physical state	Liquid	Relative density (water=1)	0.805
Odour	Alcohol	Partition coefficient noctanol/water	Not Available
Odour threshold	Not Available	Auto-ignition temperature (°C)	392
pH (as supplied)	Not Available	Decomposition temperature	Not Available
Melting Point / Freezing Point (°C)	-117	Viscosity (cSt)	Not Available
Initial boiling point and boiling range (°C)	78	Molecular weight (g/mol)	Not Available
Flash point (°C)	13 (Abel)	Taste	Not Available



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Evaporation rate	2.53 BuAC=1	Explosive properties	Not Available
Flammability	Flammable	Oxidising properties	Not Available
Upper Explosive Limit	19	Surface Tension	Not Available
(%)		(dyn/cm or mN/m)	
Lower Explosive Limit	3.5	Volatile Component	100
(%)		(%vol)	
Vapour pressure	Not Available	Gas group	Not Available
(kPa)			
Solubility in water	Miscible	pH as a solution (1%)	Not Available
(g/L)			
Vapour density	1.59 @ 15°C	VOC g/L	Not Available
(Air=1)			

### **Section 10 – Stability and Reactivity**

Reactivity	Stable under normal conditions of use.		
Chemical stability	Stable under normal conditions of use.		
Possibility of hazardous	Stable under normal conditions of use.		
reactions			
Conditions to avoid	Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.		
Incompatible materials	Strong oxidising agents.		
Hazardous decomposition	Burning can produce carbon monoxide and/or carbon dioxide.		
products			

#### **Section 11 – Toxicological Information**

Information on toxicological effects		
Inhaled	Inhalation of vapours or mists may cause irritation to the respiratory system. Inhalation of the vapour may result in drunkenness (as per effects of swallowing). Early symptoms may occur at airborne levels of 1000 to 5000 ppm.	
Ingestion	Can cause drunkenness or harmful central nervous system effects. The deliberate ingestion of ethanol (50-100ml) may cause inebriation such that safety is impaired. Effects of a small intake may include excitation, euphoria, headache, dizziness, drowsiness, blurred vision, and fatigue. Ingestion of a large amount may lead to severe acute intoxication, tremours, convulsion, loss of consciousness, coma, respiratory arrest and death.	
Skin contact	May include burning sensation and/or a dried/cracked appearance. Prolonged contact may cause defatting of skin which can lead to dermatitis.	
Eyes	May include burning sensation, redness, swelling and/or blurred vision.  Discomfort may last up to 2 days but healing is usually spontaneous and complete.	
Chronic	Long term exposure by swallowing or repeated inhalation, may cause degenerative changes in the liver, kidneys, gastrointestinal tract and heart muscle.	
Toxicology Information	Not toxic, based on ingredients. Oral LD50 (calculated) : >10,000 mg/kg	



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Carcinogen Status		
NOHSC	No significant ingredient is classified as carcinogenic by NOHSC.	
NTP	No significant ingredient is classified as carcinogenic by NTP.	
IARC	No significant ingredient is classified as carcinogenic by IARC.	
	Note: Alcoholic beverages are classified by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) as a Group 1 carcinogen (carcinogenic to humans).	
Respiratory sensitisation	Not expected to be a respiratory sensitizer.	

Not expected to be a skin sensitizer.

Not considered to be a mutagenic hazard.

Not considered to be toxic to reproduction.

Not expected to be an aspiration hazard.

Not expected to cause toxicity to a specific target organ.

Not expected to cause toxicity to a specific target organ.

#### **Section 12 – Ecological Information**

**Skin Sensitisation** 

Germ cell mutagenicity

**Reproductive Toxicity** 

STOT-single exposure

**Aspiration Hazard** 

STOT-repeated exposure

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Toxicity			
Eco-toxicity	Not harmful to aquatic life. LC50 > 100mg/L.		
Product (as sold)	Acute Aquatic Toxicity (Calculated) LC50: >5,000 mg/L.		
	Acute Aquatic Toxicity NOT HAZARDOUS		
Eco-toxicity	Not harmful to aquatic life. LC50 > 100mg/L.		
Product (at use dilution	Acute Aquatic Toxicity (Calculated) LC50: >5,00,000 mg/L.		
1:100 rinse)	Acute Aquatic Toxicity NOT HAZARDOUS		
Persistence and degradability	Readily biodegradable, based on ingredients.		
Bio accumulative potential	No bioaccumulation is expected.		
Mobility in soil	Due to its physico-chemical characteristics, highly mobile in the environment and will partition to the aquatic compartment.		
Other adverse effects	Not available		
<b>Environmental Protection</b>	Do not discharge this material into waterways.		

#### Section 13 - Disposal considerations

Waste treatment methods		
Product and Packaging Disposal	Recycle containers if possible, or dispose in an authorised landfill. Ensure waste disposal confirms to local waste disposal regulations.	



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### **Section 14 – Transport Information**

Labels Required		
Transport pictogram	FLAMAGELE: LIGHTO	
Marine Pollutant	No	
HAZCHEM	•2YE	

Land Transport (ADG)		
UN number	1170	
Packing group		
HAZCHEM	•2YE	
UN proper shipping name	ETHANOL (ETHYL ALCOHOL) or	
	ETHANOL SOLUTION (ETHYL ALCOHOL SOLUTION)	
Environmental hazard	No relevant data	
class(es)		
Transport hazard class(es)	Class 3	
	Subrisk	
Special precautions for user	Special provisions 144	
	Limited quantity 1L	

Air transport (ICAO-IATA / DGR		
UN number	1170	
Packing group		
UN proper shipping name	ETHANOL (ETHYL ALCOI	HOL) or ETHANOL SOLUTION (ETHYL ALCOHOL
	SOLUTION)	
Environmental hazard	No relevant data	
Transport hazard class(es)	ICAO/IATA Class	3
	ICAO/IATA Subrisk	
	ERG Code	3L
Special precautions for user	Special provisions	A3A58A180
	Cargo Only Packaging	364
	Instructions	<u> </u>
	Cargo Only Maximum	60L
	Qty/Pack	
	Passenger and Cargo	353
	Packing Instructions	
	Passenger and Cargo	5L
	Maximum Qty/Pack	
	Passenger and Cargo	Y341
	Limited Quantity	
	Packaging Instructions	<u> </u>
	Passenger and Cargo	1L
	Limited Maximum	
	Qty/Pack	



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Sea transport (IMDG-Code / GGVSee)			
UN number	1170		
Packing group	11		
UN proper shipping name	ETHANOL (ETHYL ALCOHOL) or ETHANOL SOLUTION (ETHYL ALCOHOL SOLUTION)		
Environmental hazard	Not Available		
class(es)			
Transport hazard class(es)	IMDG Class 3		
	IMDG Subrisk		
Special precautions for user	EMS Number F-E, S-D		
	Special provisions	144	
	Limited Quantities	1L	

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC code						
Source	Ingredient	Pollution Category	Residual Concentration – outside special Area (%w/w)	Residual Concentration		
40-7-4-9-0-0-MK- 20041022	Ethanol	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available		

#### **Section 15 – Regulatory Information**

Health, safety and environment regulations		
Poisons Schedule	S5	

#### **Section 16 – Other Information**

Issue Date	30 <sup>th</sup> July 2020
Version Number	3.0
Abbreviations and acronyms	ADG Code: Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail.
	AICS: Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances.
	CAS Number: Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number.
	GHS: Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
	HAZCHEM: An emergency action code of numbers and letters which gives information to emergency services.
	HSIS: Hazardous Substances Information System
	IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer.
	NOHSC: National Occupational Health and Safety Commission.
	NTP: National Toxicology Program (USA).
	SDS: Safety Data Sheet
	STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit.



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	SUSMP: Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons. TWA: Time Weighted Average. UN Number: United Nations Number.		
Literature references	Preparation of Safety Data Sheets for Hazardous Chemicals – Code of Practice ( Safe Work Australia)		
	GHS Hazardous Chemical Information List (Safe Work Australia)		
	<ul> <li>Guidance on the Classification of Hazardous Chemicals under the WHS Regulations.</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>Global Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (GHS)</li> </ul>		
	"Australian Exposure Standards". Safework Australia		
	<ul> <li>Australian Code for The Transport Of Dangerous Goods By Road And Rail</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>Material Safety Data Sheets – individual raw materials – Suppliers</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>HSIS – Hazardous Substance Information System – National Safe Work Australia Data Base.</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>HCIS – Hazardous Chemical Information System – National Safe Work Australia Data Base.</li> </ul>		
Risk assessments	This SDS is a tool to communicate hazards which can assist you in creating relevant risk assessments for your workplace. There are many variables in determining whether a particular hazard is a risk in your workplace. Keep in mind this may be influenced by such things as the amount used, frequency of use, engineering controls, effectiveness of safety training and many more considerations.		
Disclaimer	This MSDS summarizes at the date of issue our best knowledge of the health and safety hazard information of this product, and in particular how to safely handle and use this product in the workplace. Since the supplier cannot anticipate or control the conditions under which the product may be used, each user must, prior to usage, review this MSDS in the context of how the user intends to handle and use the product in the workplace. If clarification or further information is needed to ensure that an appropriate assessment can be made, the user should contact this supplier.		
Copyright	This document is copyright.		
	End of SDS		

#### **Document Revision History**

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Revision #	Date	Reason for Revision		
.01		GHS format		
02	19.07.15	Review by WT		
03	30.07.2020	Review by WT		