

Product Name:

RINSE AID

Date of Issue: JAN 2022

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SECTION 1 – STATEMENT OF CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION				
Trade Name:	RINSE AID			
SUPPLIER:	ECOCLEAN UTILITY AGENCIES PTY LTD			
ADDRESS:	PO Box 6224 YATALA DC 4207	PO Box 6224 YATALA DC 4207		
TELEPHONE:	(07) 5549 3622	FAX:	(07) 5549 3666	
EMERGENCY PHONE:	13 1126 in Australia	ABN:	72 135 037 160	
Substance:	Water based	Product Use:	Rinse aid	
Creation Date:	Jan 2022	Revision Date:	Jan 2027	

SECTION 2 – HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION		
Classification of the substance or mixture		
Poisons Schedule	Not scheduled	
Dangerous Goods	Not classified as Dangerous Goods	
GHS Classification	Not hazardous	
Label elements		
GHS label pictograms	None allocated	
Signal word	None allocated	
Hazard statement(s)		
	None alloacted	
Precautionary statement(s): Prev	ention	
	None allocated	
Precautionary statement(s): Resp	oonse	
	None allocated	
Precautionary statement(s): Storage		
	None allocated	
Precautionary statement(s): Disp	osal	
	None allocated	
Note		
IMPORTANT	This SDS and the Hazard Classifications contained therein, only apply to the product in its concentrated form, as supplied. However, good hygiene and housekeeping practices should be adhered to.	

Ingredients:	CAS Number:	Proportion:
Ethanol	64-17-5	< 10% w/w
Ingredients determined to be non- hazardous	various	10 - 30 % w/w
Water	7732-18-5	To 100 % w/w

NOHSC publication "List of Designated Hazardous Substances" or have been found NOT to meet the criteria of a hazardous substance as defined in the NOHSC publication "Approved Criteria for Classifying Hazardous Substances", or have been found NOT to meet the criteria of a dangerous substance as defined in the GLOBALLY HARMONIZED SYSTEM OF CLASSIFICATION AND LABELLING OF CHEMICALS (GHS), 4th edition United Nations 2011. Listed ingredients may be below the cut-off concentrations for classification as hazardous, but are listed for information purposes and for additive effects.



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SECTION 4 – FIRST AID MEA	ASURES
Inhalation	Remove victim to fresh air away from exposure. Obtain medical attention if symptoms occur.
Skin contact	Immediately wash contaminated skin with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before re-use.
Eye contact	If in eyes, hold eyelids apart and flush the eyes continuously with running water. Remove contact lenses. Continue flushing until advised to stop by the Poisons Information Centre or a doctor, or for at least 15 minutes. If symptoms persist, seek medical attention.
Ingestion	Do NOT induce vomiting. Do NOT attempt to give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Rinse mouth thoroughly with water immediately. Give water to drink. If vomiting occurs, give further water to achieve effective dilution. Seek medical advice (e.g. doctor).
Advice to Doctor	Treat symptomatically.
Scheduled Poisons	Poisons Information Centre in each Australian State capital city or in Christchurch, New Zealand can provide additional assistance for scheduled poisons. (Phone Australia 131126 or New Zealand 0800 764 766).
First Aid Facilities	No special requirements.

SECTION 5 – FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES		
Fire and Explosion		
Hazards	Non-combustible alcohol/water mixture – does not support combustion.	
Extinguishing Media	Use extinguishing media appropriate to surrounding fire conditions. Use carbon dioxide (CO2)	
	fire extinguisher, water fog or alcohol resistant foam or fine water spray.	
Fire Fighting	Keep containers exposed to extreme heat cool with water spray. Fire fighters to wear self-	
	contained breathing apparatus if risk of exposure to products of combustion or decomposition.	
Flash Point	>65 °C	

SECTION 6 – ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Emergency Procedures	Minor spills do not normally need any special clean-up measures. In the event of a major spill, prevent spillage from entering drains or water-courses. For large spills, or tank rupture, consider initial evacuation distance of 200 metres in all directions. Stop leak if safe to do so. Remove all ignition sources. If available, use water spray to disperse vapour. Wear appropriate protective equipment as in section 8 below to prevent skin and eye contamination. Spilt material may result in a slip hazard and should be absorbed into dry, inert material (e.g. sand, earth or vermiculite), which then can be put into appropriately labelled drums for disposal by an approved agent according to local conditions. Residual deposits will remain slippery. Wash area down with excess water. If contamination of sewers or waterways has occurred advise the local emergency services. In the event of a large spillage notify the local environment protection authority or emergency services.
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SECTION 7 – HANDLING AND STORAGE		
Handling	Avoid skin or eye contact with concentrate. Wear protective clothing when risk of exposure occurs. Avoid contact with incompatible materials. When handling, DO NOT eat, drink or smoke. Keep containers closed at all times. Avoid physical damage to containers. Always wash hands with soap and water after handling. Work clothes should be laundered. Launder contaminated clothing before re-use.	
Storage	Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area, out of direct sunlight. Protect from freezing. Store in suitable, labelled containers. Keep containers tightly closed. Store away from incompatible materials. Ensure that storage conditions comply with applicable local and national regulations.	



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SECTION 8 – EXPOSURE	CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION
Exposure Limits	 National Occupational Exposure Limits, as published by National Occupational Health & Safety Commission: Time-weighted Average (TWA): None established for product. Ethanol : 1000ppm 1880mg/m3 Short Term Exposure Limit (STEL): None established for product.
Ventilation	No special requirements.
Personal Protective	Use good occupational work practice. The use of protective clothing and equipment depends
Equipment	upon the degree and nature of exposure. The following protective equipment should be available;
Eye Protection	Generally not required for typical applications as per label directions.
$\overline{\mathbf{c}}$	Safety glasses with full face shield should be used for handling concentrate in quantity, cleaning up spills, decanting, etc. Eye protection devices should conform to relevant regulations. Eye protection should conform with Australian/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 1337 - Eye Protectors for Industrial Applications.
Hand Protection	Generally not required for typical applications as per label directions.
	Wear gloves of impervious material such as butyl rubber, natural latex, neoprene, PVC and nitrile – to handle in quantity, clean up spills, decanting, etc. Final choice of appropriate gloves will vary according to individual circumstances. i.e. methods of handling or according to risk assessments undertaken. Occupational protective gloves should conform to relevant regulations. Reference should be made to AS/NZS 2161.1: Occupational protective gloves - Selection, use and maintenance.
Body Protection	Generally not required for typical applications as per label directions.
	Suitable protective workwear, e.g. rubber or plastic apron, sleeves, boots and cotton overalls buttoned at neck and wrist are recommended. Chemical resistant apron is recommended where large quantities are handled.
Respirator	
	Generally not required for typical applications as per label directions.

SECTION 9 – PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES			
Physical State	Non-viscous liquid	Colour	Green
Odour	alcohol odour	Specific Gravity	0.97 – 0.99 @ 25 °C
Boiling Point	Approximately 100 °C	Freezing Point	Approximately 0 °C
Vapour Pressure	Not available	Vapour Density	Not available
Flash Point	>65 °C – does not support combustion	Flammable Limits	Not available
Water Solubility	Miscible in all proportions	рН	2.0 – 4.0 neat
Volatile Organic Compounds (VOC)	0 % v/v	Per Cent Volatile	Ca 80 % v/v
Viscosity	Not available	Odour Threshold	Not available

SECTION 10 – STABILITY AND REACTIVITY		
Reactivity	Stable at normal temperatures and pressure.	
Conditions to Avoid	Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight.	
Incompatibilities	Reducing agents, oxidizing agents.	
Hazardous		
Decomposition	Thermal decomposition may result in the release of toxic and/or irritating fumes.	



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SECTION 11 – TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS		
No adverse health effects expected if the product is handled in accordance with this Safety Data Sheet and the product label.		
Symptoms or effects that may arise if the product is mishandled and overexposure occurs are:		
Inhalation	Not considered to be an inhalation hazard.	
Skin contact	Not irritating to skin. Prolonged contact with concentrate may be irritating to skin.	
Eye contact	Concentrated product may causes eye irritation. Eye contact with concentrate will cause	
	stinging, blurring, tearing.	
Ingestion	Ingestion of this product may irritate the gastric tract causing nausea and vomiting.	
Chronic exposure	No known effects.	
Toxicology Information	Not toxic, based on ingredients. Oral LD50 (calculated) : >10,000 mg/kg	
Carcinogen Status		
NOHSC	No significant ingredient is classified as carcinogenic by NOHSC.	
NTP	No significant ingredient is classified as carcinogenic by NTP.	
IARC	No significant ingredient is classified as carcinogenic by IARC.	
Respiratory sensitisation	Not expected to be a respiratory sensitizer.	
Skin Sensitisation	Not expected to be a skin sensitizer.	
Germ cell mutagenicity	Not considered to be a mutagenic hazard.	
Reproductive Toxicity	Not considered to be toxic to reproduction.	
STOT-single exposure	Not expected to cause toxicity to a specific target organ.	
STOT-repeated exposure	Not expected to cause toxicity to a specific target organ.	
Aspiration Hazard	Not expected to be an aspiration hazard.	

SECTION 12 – ECOLOGICAL	INFORMATION	
Eco-toxicity	Acute Aquatic Toxicity - 2	
Product (as sold)	Toxic to aquatic life. LC50 >1 mg/L but <10 mg/L	
	Acute Aquatic Toxicity (Calculated) LC50: 3.2 – 5.2 mg/L.	
Eco-toxicity	Acute Aquatic Toxicity NOT HAZARDOUS	
Product (at use dilution	Not harmful to aquatic life. LC50 > 100mg/L.	
1:100 rinse)	Acute Aquatic Toxicity (Calculated) LC50: 320 - 520 mg/L.	
Persistence and	Biodegradable, based on ingredients.	
degradability		
Bio accumulative	No bioaccumulation is expected.	
potential		
Mobility in soil	Due to its physico-chemical characteristics, highly mobile in the environment and will partition	
	to the aquatic compartment.	
Other adverse effects	Not available	
Environmental Protection	Do not discharge this material into waterways.	

SECTION 13 – DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

	Dispose of waste according to applicable local and national regulations. Do not allow into drains
	or watercourses or dispose of where ground or surface waters may be affected. Wastes
including emptied containers are controlled wastes and should be disposed of in accordance	including emptied containers are controlled wastes and should be disposed of in accordance
with all applicable local and national regulations.	with all applicable local and national regulations.

SECTION 14 – TRANSPORT INFORMATION



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Labels Required		
ADG	Not classified as Dangerous Goods.	
IMDG Marine Pollutant	No	
HAZCHEM	None allocated.	
Land Transport (ADG)		
UN Number	None allocated.	
ADG Code	None allocated.	
HAZCHEM Code	None allocated.	
Special Provisions	None allocated.	
Packing Group	None allocated.	
Packaging Method	None allocated.	
Segregation	None allocated.	

SECTION 15 – REGULATORY	INFORMATION
GHS Classification	Not classified as Hazardous according to the Globally Harmonised System of Classification and
	labelling of Chemicals (GHS) including Work, Health and Safety regulations, Australia.
SUSMP	Not scheduled
ADG Code	Not DG
AICS	All ingredients present on AICS.

SECTION 16 - OTHER INF	ORMATION
Issue Date	25 th January 2017
Version Number	V 2.0 GHS classification.
Abbreviations and	ADG Code: Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail.
acronyms	AICS: Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances.
	CAS Number: Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number.
	GHS: Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
	HAZCHEM: An emergency action code of numbers and letters which gives information to emergency
	services.
	HSIS: Hazardous Substances Information System
	IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer.
	NOHSC: National Occupational Health and Safety Commission.
	NTP: National Toxicology Program (USA).
	SDS: Safety Data Sheet
	STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit.
	SUSMP: Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons.
	TWA: Time Weighted Average.
	UN Number: United Nations Number.
Literature references	Preparation of Safety Data Sheets for Hazardous Chemicals – Code of Practice (Safe Work Australia)
	GHS Hazardous Chemical Information List (Safe Work Australia)
	Guidance on the Classification of Hazardous Chemicals under the WHS Regulations.
	Global Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (GHS)
	"Australian Exposure Standards". Safework Australia
	Australian Code For The Transport Of Dangerous Goods By Road And Rail
	Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons
	Material Safety Data Sheets – individual raw materials – Suppliers



Disclaimer	This MSDS summarizes at the date of issue our best knowledge of the health and safety hazard information of this	
	product, and in particular how to safely handle and use this product in the workplace. Since the supplier cannot	
	anticipate or control the conditions under which the product may be used, each user must, prior to usage, review this	
	MSDS in the context of how the user intends to handle and use the product in the workplace. If clarification or further	
	information is needed to ensure that an appropriate assessment can be made, the user should contact this supplier.	
End of SDS		